

Results Monitoring Survey 2024

UN Refugee Agency

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visit_data_catalog_at: <http://catalog.ihsn.org/>

Identification

SURVEY ID NUMBER
BGD_2024_RMS_v01_M

TITLE
Results Monitoring Survey 2024

ABBREVIATION OR ACRONYM
RMS 2024

COUNTRY

Name	Country code
Bangladesh	BGD

STUDY TYPE
Other Household Survey [hh/oth]

ABSTRACT
This Results Monitoring Survey (RMS) was conducted in 2024 across the Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals (FDMN) camps in Cox's Bazar and Bhasan Char, as well as the surrounding host communities. The survey aimed to assess the effectiveness of humanitarian interventions and their impact on both refugee and host populations, in line with UNHCR's results-based management framework.

Stratified random sampling was used to select households, with UNHCR household databases serving as the sampling frame, to ensure statistical representativeness across key disaggregations, including age, gender, disability status, site (Cox's Bazar/Bhasan Char), and population group (refugee or host).

KIND OF DATA
Sample survey data [ssd]

UNIT OF ANALYSIS
Households

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION
Version 2.1: Edited, cleaned and anonymised data

VERSION DATE
2024-12-31

Scope

NOTES
The survey assesses needs of the interviewed across multiple sectors, including:

1. Access to territory, registration and documentation
2. Status determination
3. Child protection
4. Well-being and basic needs
5. Sustainable housing and settlements
6. Healthy lives
7. Education
8. Clean water, sanitation, and hygiene

TOPICS

Topic
Protection
Water Sanitation Hygiene
Access to Energy
Basic Needs

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, Bangladesh

UNIVERSE

Refugees and surrounding host communities

Producers and sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATORS

Name	Affiliation
UN Refugee Agency	UN

Sampling

SAMPLING PROCEDURE

Stratified random sampling was used to select households, with UNHCR household databases serving as the sampling frame, to ensure statistical representativeness across key disaggregations, including age, gender, disability status, site (Cox's Bazar/Bhasan Char), and population group (refugee or host).

WEIGHTING

The RMS employed a stratified household sampling design with two strata: (i) refugee households and (ii) host community households. The household served as the primary sampling unit. Design (base) weights were calculated separately for each stratum as the ratio of the estimated total number of households within the stratum to the number of households successfully interviewed in that stratum.

Data collection

DATES OF DATA COLLECTION

Start	End
2024-11-13	2024-11-26

DATA COLLECTION MODE

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTORS

Name
ACTED

Access policy

CONTACTS

Name	Affiliation	Email
Curation team	UNHCR	microdata@unhcr.org

CITATION REQUIREMENTS

UNHCR (2024). Bangladesh: Bangladesh: Results Monitoring Survey (RMS) - 2024. Accessed from: <https://microdata.unhcr.org>

Metadata production

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI_BGD_2024_RMS_v01_M

PRODUCERS

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
UN Refugee Agency	UNHCR	UN	Metadata producer
Development Data Group	DECDG	World Bank Group	Metadata adapted for World Bank Microdata Library

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2025-12-30

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

Identical to a metadata (UNHCR_BGD_2024_RMS_anon_data_v2.1) published on UNHCR catalog (<https://microdata.unhcr.org/index.php/home>). Some of the metadata fields have been edited.

data_dictionary

Data file	Cases	variables
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study_resources