

Humid Tropics Agrobiodiversity and Nutrition Project 2015, Lean Season

Bioversity International, International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT)

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Identification

SURVEY ID NUMBER

KEN_2015_HTANP-LS_v01_M_v01_A_ESS

TITLE

Humid Tropics Agrobiodiversity and Nutrition Project 2015, Lean Season

ABBREVIATION OR ACRONYM

HTANP-LA 2015

COUNTRY

| Name | Country code |
|-------|--------------|
| Kenya | KEN |

STUDY TYPE

Individual Food Consumption/Dietary Survey [hh/ifcs]

SERIES INFORMATION

The Humid Tropics Agrobiodiversity and Nutrition Project is part of the Humid tropics and Agriculture for Nutrition and Health Research Programmes of CGIAR. The project aims to collect information on dietary intake indicators for women and children for the evaluation of the research projects' performance. This series of studies comprises: two diagnostic surveys conducted in the plenty season (between September and October 2014) and in the lean season (between March and April 2015); a baseline study conducted in November 2015; and an endline study conducted in November 2016.

ABSTRACT

The study aimed to provide information on dietary intake indicators for women and children for the evaluation of the Humid Tropics Agrobiodiversity and Nutrition Project performance. It covers the Lean Season, which is the period between planting and harvesting, when the lowest food availability is recorded.

KIND OF DATA

Sample survey data [ssd]

UNIT OF ANALYSIS

Individuals

Scope

NOTES

The survey collected information on:

- SUBJECTS: information on the participants such as age, sex and geographical location
- CONSUMPTION: information on all foods consumed by each participant in each survey day, including quantities and nutrient values

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Sub-national coverage, only rural areas.

UNIVERSE

The population group covered in the survey was women of reproductive age and their children from 6 to 23 months of age.

Producers and sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATORS

| Name | Affiliation |
|--|-------------|
| Bioversity International | CGIAR |
| International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) | CGIAR |

Sampling

SAMPLING PROCEDURE

The sampling procedure involved a two-stage cluster sampling design. In the first stage, ten clusters were selected using mixed sampling approaches. Five of the clusters were purposely selected because they were used as control clusters in a previous project conducted by Bioversity International within the same study area. Five other clusters were randomly sampled from a sampling frame of 119 clusters. In the second stage, sampling frames comprising households with at least one child aged between 6 and 23 months and a woman of reproductive age (15 - 49 years) were prepared for each selected cluster through a household census exercise, conducted by community health volunteers. A representative sample was drawn using a stratified random sampling technique.

WEIGHTING

No survey weights were used in this survey.

Data collection

DATES OF DATA COLLECTION

| Start | End |
|------------|------------|
| 2015-03-31 | 2015-04-29 |

DATA COLLECTION MODE

Face-to-face [f2f]

DATA COLLECTION NOTES

The dietary assessment of the children and their caregivers was done using a repeated non-consecutive quantitative 24-hour food intake recall method. First, subjects were asked to mention all foods and beverages consumed in the preceding 24 hours. Then they were asked to describe the foods and beverages consumed including ingredients and cooking methods of mixed dishes. The amounts of all foods, beverages, and ingredients of mixed dishes consumed were estimated either in weight, household units (volume determined by water content), or in monetary value. The proportion of what was eaten by the subject was then determined based on the volume eaten and the total volume of the dish. This proportion was used to calculate the amount of ingredients consumed in their raw forms. For dishes consumed outside the home, standard recipes were used and the amount of ingredients consumed by the subject was determined. The Tanzanian Food Composition table (2018) was used to convert the food consumed to nutrients taken. Foods missing in the Tanzanian Food Composition were filled with composition data from the USDA Food Composition Database, the West African Food Composition data, and food composition data derived from various peer reviewed articles.

DATA COLLECTORS

| Name | Affiliation |
|--|-------------|
| Bioversity International | CGIAR |
| International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) | CGIAR |

Access policy

CONTACTS

| Name | Affiliation | Email |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Food and Nutrition Division | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations | fao-who-gift@fao.org |

CONFIDENTIALITY

The users shall not take any action with the purpose of identifying any individual entity (i.e. person, household, enterprise, etc.) in the micro dataset(s). If such a disclosure is made inadvertently, no use will be made of the information, and it will be reported immediately to FAO.

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Micro datasets disseminated by FAO shall only be allowed for research and statistical purposes. Any user which requests access working for a commercial company will not be granted access to any micro dataset regardless of their specified purpose. Users requesting access to any datasets must agree to the following minimal conditions:

- The micro dataset will only be used for statistical and/or research purposes;
- Any results derived from the micro dataset will be used solely for reporting aggregated information, and not for any specific individual entities or data subjects;
- The users shall not take any action with the purpose of identifying any individual entity (i.e. person, household, enterprise, etc.) in the micro dataset(s). If such a disclosure is made inadvertently, no use will be made of the information, and it will be reported immediately to FAO;
- The micro dataset cannot be re-disseminated by users or shared with anyone other than the individuals that are granted access to the micro dataset by FAO.

CITATION REQUIREMENTS

Humid Tropics Agrobiodiversity and Nutrition Project – Diagnostic survey Vihiga County: Kenya 2015, Bioversity International Kenya

Disclaimer and copyrights

DISCLAIMER

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

Metadata production

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI_KEN_2015_HTANP-LS_v01_M_v01_A_ESS_FAO

PRODUCERS

| Name | Abbreviation | Affiliation | Role |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Food and Nutrition Division | | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations | Metadata producer |
| Statistics Division | | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations | Metadata adapted for FAM |
| Development Data Group | DECDG | World Bank Group | Metadata adapted for World Bank Microdata Library |

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

Identical to a metadata (KEN_2015_HTANP_LS_v01_M_v01_A_ESS) published on FAO microdata repository (<https://microdata.fao.org/index.php/catalog>). Some of the metadata fields have been edited.

data_dictionary

| Data file | Cases | variables |
|-----------|-------|-----------|
|-----------|-------|-----------|

study_resources

technical_documents

HTANP-LS Codebook

title HTANP-LS Codebook
filename fao_who_gift_code_book.xlsx
